Required Payment or Refund Under Section 7519 Do not attach this form to Form 1065, Form 1065-B, or Form 1120S; file it separatel

1065, Form 1065-B, or Form 1120S; file	it separately.	
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For the required payment computed using the net income from the base year ending______, 2008

OMB No. 1545-1181

Inte	rnal Revenue	Service	▶ Due by May	15, 200	9						
Ħ	Name of pa	rtnership o	r S corporation				Employer	dent	ification number		
Type or print	Number, str	umber, street, and room or suite no. If a P.O. box, see instructions.									
Σ	City or town	n, state, and	d ZIP code								
A	Check a	k applicable box to show how entity is classified for federal income tax purposes: (1) (2)							ship oration		
В	If this is	the entit	y's first tax year, skip lines 1 through 10, enter	-0- on	line 11	, and check	this box.				
С			ing filed to claim a full refund of the net require							kip	
			a, enter -0- on line 9b, complete lines 10-12, a								
D		If the entity had a short base year (a base year of less than 12 months), check this box. See the line 1 instructions for the									
_	definition of "base year"										
1	short ba multiply	ase year the resu	base year. If the entity had a short base year, in by the applicable payments made during the last by the ratio of 12 over the number of months	oase yo in the	ear (line short b	e 2 below), a ase year. Ca	and arry				
_			at least 3 decimal places. If zero or less, enter -					_			
2			nents made during base year				–	+			
3			ivide the number of months in the deferral perion. Carry out your answer to at least the nearest				0			%	
	as a pe	rcerrage	e. Carry out your answer to at least the hearest	tentin	or a pe	iceni .	· · 📑	\top			
4	Line 1	deferred	l amount. Multiply line 1 by line 3				4	,			
•			entity had a short base year, skip lines 5 and 6				•				
			,								
5	Line 2	deferred	amount. Multiply line 2 by line 3		5						
6	Applica	ble payn	nents made during the deferral period of the ba	se	6						
7	,					oo ontor O	It.				
7 If the entity had a 12-month base year, subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero or less, enter -0 If the entity had a short base year, enter the applicable payments made during the deferral period											
			e election year				7	+			
8			ncome. If the entity had a 12-month base year, a					,			
	nad a s	nort bas	e year, subtract line 7 from line 4. If zero or less	, enter	'-0		· ˌ · 📙			+	
ο.	a Multiply	lina 8 h	v 3604 (36)	9	a						
		Walipy line 6 by 6676 (.66)									
	b If line 9a is more than \$500 or the required payment for any prior tax year was more than \$500, enter the amount from line 9a here. Otherwise, enter -0										
10			yment balance. Enter the excess of the required				rior				
	years over the refunds of any required payments received for all prior years						10	ַ			
11 Required payment due. If line 9b is larger than line 10, subtract line 10 from line 9						ine 9b. See	the				
	-		ons for payment options				1	1			
40	D - 6 1		of an area of the state of the			Ol- f !!					
12	Retuna	or net p	rior year payments. If line 10 is larger than line 9	o, subt	ract line	9D from line	e 10 1 2	2			
Się He		knowledg	enalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return ge and belief, it is true, correct, and complete. Declaration of knowledge.								
	p a copy of	k				L					
	form for records.	Signa	ature of officer, general partner, or limited liability company member	Date		Tit	tle				
		Prepar	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Date				Prep	parer's SSN or PTIN	l	
Paid Preparer's		signati				Check if self-empl	oyed 🔲	-			
			name (or			EII					
Use Only yours if self-employed), address, and ZIP code							one no.	()		
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General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of form. Partnerships and S corporations use Form 8752 to figure and report the payment required under section 7519 or to obtain a refund of net prior year payments.

Section 7519 payments are required of any partnership or S corporation that has elected under section 444 to have a tax year other than a required tax year.

Who must file. A partnership or S corporation must file Form 8752 if it made a section 444 election by filing Form 8716, Election To Have a Tax Year Other Than a Required Tax Year, and its election is in effect for the tax year. A partnership or S corporation that terminates its section 444 election or liquidates

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must also file Form 8752 to claim a refund of its net required payment balance. See section 7519(c)(3) for details.

Do not file Form 8752 for a personal service corporation (as defined in Regulations section 1.441-3). Instead, file Schedule H (Form 1120), Section 280H Limitations for a Personal Service Corporation (PSC), with the corporation's income tax return.

When to file. For applicable election years beginning in 2008, Form 8752 must be filed and the required payment made on or before May 15, 2009.

However, Temporary Regulations section 1.444-3T(b)(4)(iii) provides a special rule that extends the due date for filing Form 8752 and making the required payment related to certain back-up section 444 elections.

Where to file. File Form 8752 at the applicable IRS address listed below.

If the entity's principal place of business or principal office or agency is located in

Use the following address



Connecticut, Delaware,
District of Columbia, Georgia,
Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky,
Maine, Maryland,
Massachusetts, Michigan,
New Hampshire, New Jersey,
New York, North Carolina,
Ohio, Pennsylvania,
Rhode Island, South Carolina,
Tennessee, Vermont, Virginia,
West Virginia, Wisconsin

Department of the Treasury, Internal Revenue Service Center, Cincinnati, OH 45999

Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Florida, Hawaii, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Washington, Wyoming

Department of the Treasury, Internal Revenue Service Center, Ogden, UT 84201

An entity without a principal office or agency or principal place of business in the United States must file Form 8752 with the Internal Revenue Service Center, P.O. Box 409101, Ogden, UT 84409.

Penalties. If the required payment is not made by the due date, the entity may have to pay a penalty equal to 10% of the underpayment. For this purpose, "underpayment" means the excess of the required payment over the amount (if any) of such payment made on or before the due date for the applicable election year. The penalty will not be imposed if the entity can show that the failure to pay on time was due to reasonable cause. If you include this penalty with the entity's payment, identify and enter the penalty amount in the bottom margin of page 1. Do not include the penalty in the Required payment due space on line 11. Other penalties may also apply.

Amended return. To correct an error in a Form 8752 already filed, file an amended Form 8752 and write "Amended Return" across the top.

Specific Instructions

For the applicable election year beginning in 2008, enter the ending date of the base year ending in 2008. See the definitions of applicable election year and base year under *Line 1*. *Net income for base year* on this page.

Address. Include the suite, room, or other unit number after the street address. If the Post Office does not deliver mail to the street address and the entity has a P.O. box, show the box number instead of the street address.

Item B. If an applicable election year is the entity's first year of existence (i.e., it is a newly formed entity and therefore does not have a base year), the required payment is zero.

Item C. If the entity terminated its section 444 election and the termination took effect for a tax year ending in 2008, or the entity liquidated during a tax year ending in 2008, check this box. The entity should claim a full refund of the net required payment balance shown on line 10. See section 7519(c)(3) to determine when you are eligible for the refund.

A partnership's section 444 election ends if the partnership changes its accounting period to its required tax year or some other permitted year, it is penalized for willfully failing to comply with the requirements of section 7519, or it becomes a member of a tiered structure and the same tax year exception does not apply (see Temporary Regulations section 1.444-2T for more about tiered structures).

An S corporation's section 444 election ends if it changes its accounting period to a calendar year or some other permitted year, it is penalized for willfully failing to comply with the requirements of section 7519, it becomes a member of a tiered structure and the same tax year exception does not apply (see Temporary Regulations section 1.444-2T), or its S corporation election terminates (unless it immediately becomes a personal service corporation).

See Temporary Regulations section 1.444-1T(a)(5)(ii) for the effective date of the termination of a section 444 election.

Once a section 444 election is terminated, the entity may never make another section 444 election.

Line 1. Net income for base year. The term "base year" means the tax year preceding the applicable election year. Any tax year for which a section 444 election is in effect, including the first tax year the section 444 election is made, is an applicable election year. For example, if you are completing Form 8752 for the applicable election year beginning October 1, 2008, and ending September 30, 2009, the base year is the tax year beginning October 1, 2007, and ending September 30, 2008.

Partnerships. Line 1 net income is the aggregate (not less than zero) of the partnership's items of income and expense, other than tax-exempt income, nondeductible expenses, and guaranteed payments under section 707(c). When figuring this amount, disregard any limitations at the partner level. For base years beginning in 2007, line 1 should equal the amount on the 2007 Form 1065, line 1 of Analysis of Net Income (Loss), plus the aggregate items of income and expense, if any, reported on the attachment for Schedule K, line 20c (but not less than zero).

S corporations. Line 1 net income is the aggregate (not less than zero) of the corporation's items of income and expense, other than tax-exempt income and nondeductible expenses. When figuring this amount, disregard any limitations at the shareholder level. For base years beginning in 2007, line 1 should equal the amount on the 2007 Form 1120S, Schedule K, line 18, plus the aggregate items of income and expense, if any, reported on Schedule K, line 17d (but not less than zero). For this purpose, all S corporations must complete Schedule K, line 18.

If an S corporation was a C corporation for its base year, the C corporation's taxable income is treated as the net income of the S corporation for the base year. See Temporary Regulations section 1.7519-1T(b)(5) for other details.

Line 2. Applicable payments. In general, the term applicable payments means any amount deductible in the base year that is includible at any time, directly or indirectly, in the gross income of any partner or shareholder who was a partner or shareholder during the base year. However, the term does not include guaranteed payments. Examples of applicable payments are officer's compensation, wages, and rent paid to any partner or shareholder.

If the S corporation was a C corporation for its base year, applicable payments of the C corporation are treated as if received from an S corporation.

Line 3. Deferral ratio. The deferral period is the number of months between

- The beginning of the elected tax year and
- The close of the first required tax year ending within such a year.

For example, the required tax year for an S corporation is the calendar year, ending on December 31. If an S corporation elects a tax year beginning on November 1, there would be 2 months between the beginning of the elected tax year and the end of the required tax year (December 31). The deferral period for the elected tax year would be 2 months

Line 9b. If you enter zero on line 9b and you did not make any prior year required payment for which a refund can be claimed, enter zero on line 10, skip lines 11 and 12, and complete the signature section. You are required to file Form 8752 to show that you have a zero liability for the applicable election year beginning in 2008.

Line 11. Required payment due. If you are enrolled in the Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS), you can pay your balance due online or by phone. EFTPS is a free service provided by the U.S. Department of Treasury. If you are not required to use EFTPS, you may still participate voluntarily. To pay the balance due, get more information, or enroll in EFTPS, visit www.eftps.gov or call 1-800-555-4477.

To pay by check or money order. Enclose a check or money order for the amount on line 11 payable to the "United States Treasury." Write the entity's employer identification number and "Form 8752" on the check or money order.

Line 12. Refund of net prior year payments. No refund will be made before the later of:
(a) April 15, 2009, or (b) 90 days after Form 8752 is filed per section 7519(c)(3). No interest will be paid on the amount refunded.

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of required payment. Section 6109 requires paid preparers to provide their identifying number.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is: Recordkeeping, 5 hr., 44 min.; Learning about the law or the form, 1 hr.; Preparing, copying, assembling, and sending the form to the IRS, 1 hr., 7 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can write to the Internal Revenue Service, Tax Products Coordinating Committee, SE:W:CAR:MP:T:T:SP, 1111 Constitution Ave. NW, IR-6526, Washington, DC 20224.

Do not send Form 8752 to this address. Instead, see Where to file above.