(Rev. April 1995) Department of the Treasury

Extension of Time for Payment of Taxes by a Corporation Expecting a Net Operating Loss Carryback

OMB No. 1545-0135

(Under Section 6164 of the Internal Revenue Code)

IIIICIII	ai Neveride Service	(Grider Section 6164 of the internal Revenue Gode)		
Name			Employer identification number	
Num	ber, street, and room o	or suite no. (If a P.O. box, see instructions.)		
City	or town, state, and ZIF	^o code		
1	Ending date of	the tax year of the expected net operating loss (NOL)	2 Amo	ount of expected NOL
3	•	eviously determined tax attributable to the expected NOL carryback.	. ▶ \$	
4		the tax year immediately preceding the tax year of the expected NOL		
5	Give the reason	s, facts, and circumstances that cause the corporation to expect an NOL.		

6	Amount for Which Payment Is To Be Extended:		
а	Enter the total tax shown on the return, plus any amount assessed as a deficiency, interest, or penalty. See instructions	6a	
b	Enter amounts from line 6a that were already paid or were required to have been paid, plus refunds, credits, and abatements. See instructions.	6b	
С	Subtract line 6b from line 6a. Do not enter more than the amount on line 3 above. This is the amount of tax for which the time for payment is extended	6c	

Sign Here

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this form, including any accompanying schedules and statements, and to the best of my knowledge and belief it is true, correct, and complete.

\	\		
Signature of officer	Date	Title	

Form 1138 (Rev. 4-95) Page **2**

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.—We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is:

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can write to the **Internal Revenue Service**, Attention: Tax Forms Committee, PC:FP, Washington, DC 20224. **DO NOT** send Form 1138 to this office. Instead, see **When and Where To File** below.

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Purpose of Form.—A corporation that expects a net operating loss (NOL) in the current tax year may file Form 1138 to extend the time for payment of tax for the immediately preceding tax year. This includes extending the time for payment of a tax deficiency. The payment of tax that may be postponed cannot exceed the expected overpayment from the carryback of the NOL.

Only payments of tax that are required to be paid after the filling of Form 1138 are eligible for extension. Do not file this form if all the required payments have been paid or were required to have been paid.

If the corporation previously filed Form 1138 and later finds information that will change the amount of the expected NOL, the corporation may file a revised Form 1138. If the amount of the NOL is increased based on the new information, the corporation may postpone the payment of a larger amount of tax as long as the larger amount has not yet been paid or is not yet required to be paid. If the amount of the NOL is reduced because of the new information, the corporation must pay the tax to the extent that the amount of tax postponed on the original filing exceeds the amount of tax postponed on the revised filing.

When and Where To File.—File Form 1138 after the start of the tax year of the expected NOL but before the tax of the preceding tax year is required to be paid.

File Form 1138 with the Internal Revenue Service Center where the corporation files its income tax return.

Period of Extension.—In general, the extension for paying the tax expires at the end of the month in which the return for the tax year of the expected NOL is required to be filed (including extensions).

The corporation may further extend the time for payment by filing Form 1139, Corporation Application for Tentative Refund, before the period of extension ends. The period will be further extended until the date the IRS informs the corporation that it has allowed or disallowed the application in whole or in part.

Termination of Extension.—The IRS may terminate the extension if it believes that any part of the form contains erroneous or unreasonable information. The IRS may also terminate the extension if it believes it may not be able to collect the tax.

Interest.—Interest is charged on postponed amounts from the dates that the payments would normally be due. The interest is figured at the underpayment rate specified in section 6621.

Additional Information.—A corporation may file Form 1138 separately or with **Form 7004**, Application for Automatic Extension of Time To File Corporation Income Tax Return. If Form 1138 and Form 7004 are filed together, Form 1138 will reduce or eliminate the amount of tax to be deposited when Form 7004 is filed.

Specific Instructions

Address.—Include the suite, room, or other unit number after the street address. If the Post Office does not deliver mail to the street address and the corporation has a P.O. box, show the box number instead of the street address.

If your address is outside the United States or its possessions or territories, fill in the line for "city, town, or post office, state, and ZIP code" in the following order: city, province or state, postal code, and the name of the country. Do not abbreviate the country name.

Line 2.—The amount of the expected NOL must be based on all of the facts relating to the operation of the corporation. Consider the following items when estimating the amount of the expected NOL:

- 1. The number and dollar amounts of the corporation's Government contracts that have been canceled,
 - 2. Profit and loss statements, and
 - **3.** Other factors peculiar to the corporation's operations.

See section 172 and **Pub. 536**, Net Operating Losses, to help determine the amount of the expected NOL. Limitations apply to **(a)** the amount of taxable income of a new loss corporation for any tax year ending after an ownership change that may be offset by any pre-change NOLs and **(b)** the use of preacquisition losses of one corporation to offset recognized built-in gains of another corporation. See sections 382 and 384 for details.

Line 3.—Enter the reduction of previously determined tax attributable to the carryback, for tax years before the tax year of the NOL. Figure the previously determined tax according to section 1314(a). This is generally the amount shown on the return, plus any amounts assessed as deficiencies before Form 1138 is filed minus any abatements, credits, or refunds allowed or made before Form 1138 is filed.

Attach a schedule showing how the reduction was figured. See the instructions for the corporate income tax return for information on figuring the NOL deduction and recomputing the tax

Line 6a.—For the year shown on line 4, enter on line 6a the total of the following:

- 1. The total tax shown on the return, plus
- **2.** Any amount assessed as a deficiency (or as interest or a penalty) prior to the filing of this Form 1138.

Line 6b.—Enter the total of the following:

- 1. The amount of tax paid or required to be paid before the date this form is filed. This includes any amount assessed as a deficiency (or as interest or a penalty) if the 10th day after notice and demand for payment occurred before the date this form is filed. An amount of tax for which the corporation has received an extension of time to pay (under section 6161) is not considered required to be paid before the end of the extension.
- **2.** The amount of refunds, credits, and abatements made before the date this form is filed.

