Internal Revenue Service		Department of the Treasury
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		Telephone Number:
		Refer Reply To: CC:DOM:CORP:4 PLR-116196-98 Date: January 28, 1999

Parent	=
Sub	=
Seller	=
Target #1	=
Target #2	=
Date A	=
Date B	=
Date C	=
Date D	=
Business A	=

Purchaser's Company Official =

Seller's Company Official =

Purchaser's Outside Tax Professional =

Seller's Outside Tax Professional =

Authorized Representatives =

Dear

## PLR-116196-98

This responds to your letter dated August 12, 1998, requesting, or behalf of the taxpayers identified above, an extension of time under § 301.9100-1 through 301.9100-3 of the Procedure and Administration Regulations to file an election. Parent (as the common parent of the consolidated group of which Sub is a member) and Seller are requesting an extension to file a "section 338(h)(10) election" under §§ 338(g) and 338(h)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code and § 1.338(h)(10)-1(d) of the Income Tax Regulations, with respect to Parent's acquisition of the Target #1 stock and Sub's acquisition of the Target #2 stock (sometimes hereinafter referred to collectively as the "Elections") on Date B. Additional information was received in a letter dated December 15, 1998. The material information is summarized below.

Parent is the common parent of a consolidated group that has a calendar taxable year and uses the accrual method of accounting. Sub is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent and is included in Parent's Consolidated United States Corporate Income Tax Return. Seller is the common parent of a consolidated group that has a calendar taxable year and uses the accrual method of accounting. Target #1 and Target #2 are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Parent and were included in Parent's Consolidated United States Corporate Income Tax Return. Parent, Target #1 and Target #2 are engaged in Business A; and Sub was newly formed by Parent to acquire Target #2.

On Date A, Parent and Seller entered into an Acquisition Agreement which, among other things, provided for Parent to acquire all of Seller's Target #1 stock and for Sub to acquire all of Seller's Target #2 stock. On Date B, pursuant to the Acquisition Agreement, Parent acquired all the Seller's Target #1 stock and Sub acquired all of the Seller's Target #2 stock (along with certain other assets of Seller that are not relevant for purposes of this ruling) for cash in a fully taxable transaction. It is represented that (1) Parent and Sub were not related to Seller within the meaning of § 338(h)(3), and (2) that Parent's acquisition of Target #1 stock and Sub's acquisition of Target #2's stock each qualified as a "qualified stock purchase," as defined in § 338(d)(3). Following the acquisition, "new" Target #1 and "new" Target #2 were included in Purchaser's consolidated return.

Hereinafter Target #1 and Target #2 are referred to collectively as the "Targets."

Parent and Seller intended to file the Elections. The Elections were due on Date C, but for various reasons they were not filed. On Date D (which is after the due date for the Elections), Parent, Seller, Purchaser's Company Official, Seller's Company Official, Purchaser's Outside Tax Professional, Seller's Outside Tax Professional, and Authorized Representatives discovered that the Elections were not filed. The period of limitations on assessment under § 6501(a) has not expired for Parent's, Sub's, Seller's or Targets' taxable years in which the acquisition/sales were consummated, the taxable year in which the Elections should have been filed, or for any taxable year(s) that would have been affected by the Elections had they been timely filed.

Section 338(a) permits certain stock purchases to be treated as asset acquisitions if:(1) the purchasing corporation makes or is treated as having made a "section 338 election" under § 338(g); and (2) the acquisition is a "qualified stock purchase." Section 1.338-1(c)(10) provides that a "section 338" election is an election to apply § 338(a) to target. Section 338(g) specifies the requirements for making a "section 338 election." Section 1.338(h)(10)-1(d)(3) provides that if a § 338(h)(10) election is made for T, a "section 338 election" is deemed made for T. Section 338(d)(3) defines a "qualified stock purchase" as any transaction or series of transactions in which stock (meeting the requirements of § 1504(a)(2)) of 1 corporation is acquired by another corporation by purchase during the 12 month acquisition period.

Section 338(h)(3)(A) provides that the term "purchase" means any acquisition of stock, but only if: (i) the basis of the stock in the hands of the purchasing corporation is not determined (I) in whole or in part by reference to the adjusted basis of such stock in the hands of the person from whom acquired, or (II) under § 1014(a) (relating to property acquired from a decedent); (ii) the stock is not acquired in an exchange to which § 351, 354, 355, or 356 applies and is not acquired in any other transaction described in regulations in which the transferor does not recognize the entire amount of the gain or loss realized on the transaction; and (iii) the stock is not acquired from a person the ownership of whose stock would, under § 318(a) (other than paragraph (4) thereof), be attributed to the person acquiring such stock.

Section 338(h)(10) permits the purchasing and selling corporations to elect jointly to treat the target corporation as deemed to sell all of its assets and distribute the proceeds in complete liquidation. The sale of stock included in the qualified stock purchase generally is ignored. A § 338(h)(10) election may be made for target only if it is a member of a selling consolidated group, a member of a selling affiliated group filing separate returns, or an S corporation. Section 1.338(h)(10)-1(a). Gain or loss on the deemed sale is included in the consolidated return of the selling group (unless the target corporation is a member of a selling affiliated group filing separate returns or an S corporation). Section 1.338(h)(10)-1(d) provides that a § 338(h)(10) election may be made for the target corporation if the purchasing corporation makes a "qualified stock purchase" of the target corporation stock. Sections 1.338(h)(10)-1(d)(2) and (3) provide that if a § 338(h)(10) election is made for the target corporation, it is irrevocable and a § 338 election is deemed made for the target corporation.

Section 1.338(h)(10)-1(d)(2) provides that a § 338(h)(10) election is jointly made by a purchaser and the selling consolidated group (or the selling affiliate or the S corporation shareholders) on Form 8023 (or Form 8023-A) in accordance with the instructions to the form. The regulations further provide that the election must be made not later than the 15th day of the ninth month beginning after the month in which the acquisition date occurs. The instructions to Form 8023 (or Form 8023-A) provide that if a § 338(h)(10) election must be made jointly by the purchasing corporation and the common parent of the selling consolidated group (or selling affiliate or S corporation shareholders). The instructions provide that the form must be signed by each person authorized to act on behalf of each corporation, and if it made for an S corporation it must be signed by each S corporation shareholder who sells target stock in the QSP. The instructions further provide that the signatures, dates and titles (if applicable) of those persons must be provided in a "signature attachment," and they provide specific details as to the preparation of the "signature attachment" and its attachment to Form 8023 (or Form 8023-A).

Section 1.1502-77(a) provides that the common parent, for all purposes (other than for several purposes not relevant here), shall be the sole agent for each subsidiary in the group, duly authorized to act in its own name in all matters relating to the tax liability of the consolidated return year. <u>See also</u> Form 8023 (or Form 8023-A) and the instructions thereto.

Under § 301.9100-1 (c), the Commissioner has discretion to grant a reasonable extension of time to make a regulatory election, or a statutory election (but no more than six months except in the case of a taxpayer who is abroad), under all subtitles of the Internal Revenue Code except subtitles E, G, H, and I, provided the taxpayer demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that:

- (1) The taxpayer acted reasonably and in good faith, and,
- (2) Granting relief will not prejudice the interests of the government.

Section 301.9100-1(b) defines the term "regulatory election" as including an election whose due date is prescribed by a regulation, revenue ruling, revenue procedure, notice, or announcement. Sections 301.9100-1 through 301.9100-3 provide the standards the Commissioner will use to determine whether to grant an extension of time to make a regulatory election. Section 301.9100-1(a). Section 301.9100-2 provides automatic extensions of time for making certain elections. Requests for relief under section 301.9100-3 will be granted when the taxpayer provides evidence to establish that the taxpayer acted reasonably and in good faith, and that granting relief will not prejudice the interests of the government. Section 301.9100-3(a).

In this case, the time for filing the Elections is fixed by the regulations (<u>i.e.</u>, § 1.338(h)(10)-1(d)). Therefore, the Commissioner has discretionary authority under § 301.9100-1 to grant an extension of time for Parent and Seller to file the Elections, provided Parent and Seller show they acted reasonably and in good faith, the requirements of §§ 301.9100-1 and 301.9100-3 are satisfied, and granting relief will not prejudice the interests of the government.

Information, affidavits, and representations submitted by Parent, Seller, Parent's Company Official, Seller's Company Official, Parent's Outside Tax Professional, Seller's Tax Professional and Authorized Representatives explain the circumstances that resulted in the failure to timely file the valid Elections. The information also establishes that tax professionals were responsible for the Elections, that Parent and Seller relied

on them to timely make the Elections, and that the government will not be prejudiced if relief is granted. See \$ 301.9100-3(b)(1)(v).

Based on the facts and information submitted, including the representations made, we conclude that Parent and Seller have shown they acted reasonably and in good faith, the requirements of §§ 301.9100-1 and 301.9100-3 are satisfied, and granting relief will not prejudice the interests of the government. Accordingly, an extension of time is granted under § 301.9100 -1, until 30 days from the date of issuance of this letter, for Parent (as the common parent of the consolidated group of which Sub is a member) and Seller to file the Elections with respect to the acquisition of Targets, as described above.

The above extension of time is conditioned on the taxpayers' (Seller's, Parent's, and Targets') tax liability (if any) being not lower, in the aggregate, for all years to which the Elections apply, than it would have been if the Elections had been timely made (talking into account the time value of money). No opinion is expressed as to the taxpayers' tax liability for the years involved. A determination thereof will be made by the District Director's office upon audit of the Federal income tax returns involved. Further, no opinion is expressed as to the Federal income tax effect, if any, if it is determined that the taxpayers' liability is lower. Section 301.9100-3(c). The above extension is also conditioned on: (i) Parent and the Seller signing the Elections, and (ii) Parent and Seller treating the acquisition/sale of the Targets' stock as § 338(h)(10) transactions.

Parent (for itself and as agent for Sub) and the Seller must file the Elections in accordance with § 1.338(h)(10)-1(d). That is, new elections on Form 8023 (or Form 8023-A), must be executed on or after the date of this letter, which grants an extension, and filed in accordance with the instructions to the form (also, a single "combined" election form may be used that lists both targets). See Announcement 98 -2, 1998 -2 I.R.B. 38. A copy of this letter should be attached to the election form. Purchaser and Seller must file or amend their returns, as applicable, for the year in with the transactions were consummated to report the transactions as § 338(h)(10) transactions, and to attach thereto a copy of this letter and the Elections (along with the information required with the election form).

We express no opinion as to (1) whether the acquisition/sale of Targets' stock qualifies as a "qualified stock purchase" under § 338(d)(3); (2) whether the acquisition/sale of Targets' stock qualifies for § 338(h)(10) treatment; or (3) if § 338(h)(10) is applicable, as to the amount and character of gain or loss, if any, recognized by Targets (and, thus, by Seller) on the Targets' deemed asset sale.

In addition, we express no opinion as to the tax consequences of filing the Elections late under the provisions of any other section of the Code and regulations, or as to the tax treatment of any conditions existing at the time of, or resulting from, filing the Elections late that are not specifically set forth in the above ruling. For purposes of

PLR-116196-98

granting relief under § 301.9100-1, we relied on certain statements and representations made by the taxpayers. However, the District Director (s) should verify all essential facts. In addition, notwithstanding that an extension is granted under § 301.9100-1 to file the Elections, penalties and interest that would otherwise be applicable, if any, continue to apply.

This letter is directed only to the taxpayer(s) who requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

A copy of this letter is being sent to Purchaser's Company Official, to Seller's Company Official and to Seller's first listed authorized representative, pursuant to the powers of attorney on file in this office.

Sincerely yours, Assistant Chief Counsel (Corporate)

by\_\_\_

Richard Todd Counsel to the Assistant Chief Counsel (Corporate)